



RESTORATION OF THE POPULATIONS OF LARGE EUROPEAN VULTURES IN BULGARIA LIFE08 NAT/BG/278

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GENERAL INFORMATION

- Project duration: 5 years
- Partners:
 - Coordinating Beneficiary: Green Balkans;
 - Associated Beneficiary: FWFF;
- Target species:
 - Griffon Vulture
 - Black Vulture
 - Bearded Vulture

















AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

In line with the Action Plan for the Recovery and Balkan Vulture Action Plan Conservation of Vultures on the Balkan Peninsula and Adjacent Regions

- Direct conservation measures:
 - Restoration of the Griffon Vulture population in the target areas in Bulgaria;
- Indirect conservation measures
- Capacity building



PROJECT TARGET AREAS

BULGARIA

Balkan peninsula

Legend

Capital Regional centers

Wildlife Rescue Centre

Target SPAs for implementation of the project

Scale: 1: 14 000 000

LIFE+ Nature & Biodiversity 2008- B2b Map of the General location of the Project area ROMANIA SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO @Dobrich ⊚Razgrad Vrachanski Balkan Shumen el ovech Veliko Tarnovo Kotlenska planina Tzentralen Balkan **S**ofia Sinite kamani-Grebenets Black sea ⊚Kyustendil ⊚Pazardjik @Blagoevgrad MACEDONIA TURKEY GREECE Scale: 1: 3 000 000

- Four adaptation aviaries for Griffon Vultures established and maintained;
- A total of 192 Griffon Vultures and 1 Black
 Vulture imported for the Balkans since 2009;
- A total of 137 Griffon Vultures released from the four adaptation aviaries;







Data valid for 2010- January 2014 Mortality cases:

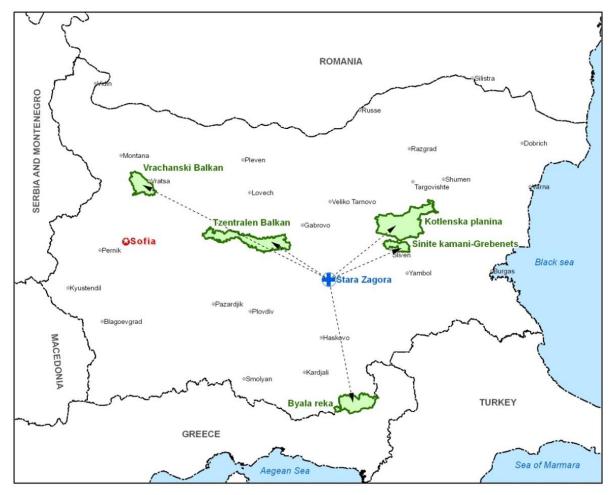
- 36 vultures confirmed dead since start of project;
 - 4 died during transport;
 - 4 died in aviaries before release;
 - 5 died of starvation;
 - 16 died of electrocution;
 - 1 poisoned;
 - 1 hit by car (in Greece);
 - 1 attacked by foxes and 1 attacked by other vultures;

Survival rate – 137 vultures released since 2009, 25 confirmed dead following release: 82 % survival rate

- First two subsequent breeding attempts of Griffon Vultures in the Eastern Balkan Mountains for the past 50 years (2012-2013);
- Two of the other birds released, formed pairs and nested in the natural colony in the Eastern Rhodopes (Bulgaria);



- Development of National Action Plan;
- Viability Study and Expert Assessment:





• Improving nesting habitat:

- 12 artificial nests installed:
- Mapped suitable Pine plantations for introducing sustainable forest practices;
- Initiated legal changes, including requirements for leaving particular number of old trees per aerial unit;



• Supplementary feeding at Byala reka:

- At least 17 different Black Vultures tagged in Greece and at least four other non-tagged birds;
- Several Griffon Vultures, including tagged ones;

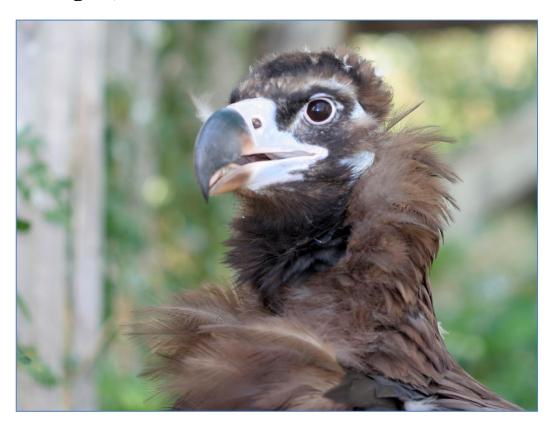
 Maintaining a pair of the critically endangered Egyptian Vultures;

Ltl Acorn



• Captive care and breeding:

• Maintain two female Black Vultures of Spanish and Greek origin;





Indirect conservation measures

- Minimization of threats;
 - Dissemination of dogs;
 - Examination of cases;



- Restoration of pastures and livestock;
 - Transhumance;





Indirect conservation measures

- Campaign with local electricity companies:
 - More than 24 isolated pylons in three problematic areas:





Black Vulture attracted to the region and its usage of the a feeding site in the Eastern Balkans confirmed for a first time in the past thirty years;





FUTURE ACTIVITIES

- Completing and disseminating the Feasibility Studies;
- Initiating reintroduction:
 - Minimum two release sites: Vrachanski Balkan and Eastern Balkan Mountains;
 - Releasing minimum 6 birds / per site / per year;
 - Following the French methodology, using mostly translocation of fledged birds;
- Maintain captive pairs to reinforce reintroductions;
- Continuing the supplementary feedings;
- Continuing the anti-poison activities;







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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

